## Preparation

The minimum and maximum size of the Tile Access Panel must not exceed the following weight and dimensions:
Variable Dimension:
Minimum Opening $=150 \mathrm{~mm} \times 150 \mathrm{~mm}$
Maximum Opening $=500 \mathrm{~mm} \times 500 \mathrm{~mm}$ (or equivalent area)
Max. Weight of Panel: 5 kg

The Tile Access Panel is designed for use with 6 mm thickness, water-resistant tile backerboard (not included with
GLTAP-5CP Contractor Pack). GLTAP-5CP Contractor Pack).

For rectangular openings, use the following graph to calculate the Tile Access Panel:


## Pack Contents

Max. Width (mm)
The GLTAP Tile Access Panel packs contain:

| Item No. | Description | GLTAP-500 | GLTAP-CP |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Corner Part No. 1 (LH) | 1 | 5 |
| 2 | Corner Part No. 2 (RH) | 1 | 5 |
| 3 | Corner Part No. 3 (LH) | 1 | 5 |
| 4 | Corner Part No. 4 (RH) | 1 | 5 |
| 5 | Corner Part No. 5 (LH) | 1 | 5 |
| 6 | Corner Part No. 6 (RH) | 1 | 5 |
| 7 | Corner Part No. 7 (LH) | 1 | 5 |
| 8 | Corner Part No. 8 (RH) | 1 | 5 |
| 9 | Magnetic Touch Latches | 2 | 10 |
| 10 | Frame Extrusion Lengths | $4 \times 500 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $10 \times 1,000 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| 11 | Tile Backing Board (440x440mm) | 1 | N/A |
| 12 | Fixing Instructions | 1 | 1 |



Corner Parts $1 \& 2$
Corner Parts $3 \& 4$


Corner Parts 7 \& 8


## Manthorpe

GLTAP-500
GLTAP-5CP
Tile Access Panel

Fixing Instructions


## Installation



1. Calculate the total height and width of he access panel opening by measuring ail
files including separating and surrounding grout joints.
Example: Tiles $=150 \mathrm{~mm} \times 200 \mathrm{~mm}$ Panel $=3$ tiles $\times 2$ tiles
Grout width $=2 \mathrm{~mm}$ Opening $=458 \mathrm{~mm} \times 406 \mathrm{~mm}$

2. Saw four lengths of extrusion at $45^{\circ}$ using a mitre saw or suitable hand saw pening.

Note: measure and saw on the outside ace of the frame as shown, NOT the perforated flange.

2. Mark out the opening, making sure it may be worth calculating the distance of the opening from the outer edge of the wall and floor to avoid the need for cutting tiles when you come to tiling the perimeter of the wall).

Cut out the opening using a suitable knife
or saw. or saw.

4. Assemble the frame with corner parts
$1,2,3$ and 4 as shown by sliding the 'T $1,2,3$ and 4 as shown by sliding the 'T' section of the extrusion.
Once assembled, ensure the frame is square and of equal size to your opening.

5. Assemble both magnetic touch latches the frame by inserting them into corner parts 1 and 2 as shown.
Press the latch into the recess in the corne bracket until it clicks into place, ensuring on both sides and the magnetic head is facing outwards

7. Using a suitable 6 mm thick, water panel 25 mm smaller in board, mark out a anel 25 mm smaller in both height and width than the wall opening.

Example
Backing board $=43$
Backing board $=433 \mathrm{~mm} \times 381 \mathrm{~mm}$
To cut the panel down to size follow the
manufacturers recommendations.

6. Push the assembled frame firmly into flange sits tightly against the wall.

8. Attach the plastic corner parts 5, 6, 7 that they sit firmly against the sow of the board.

9. Insert the panel into the frame by engaging the magnets together.
Test the size of the panel in relation to the frame by opening and closing it a few
times, ensuring both the frame and panel are the correct size.

11. Tile the front of the panel leaving a thin gap between the outer tiles and the frame to allow the panel to open.

Once the tiles are in place, allow to dry for 24 hours before removing the access and the surrounding wall separately.

10. Using standard tiling practices, tile the wall outside of the frame.

Always start from the frame and work outwards to the edge of the wall. Ensure tiles and the wall using tile adhesive.

12. The Tile Access Panel is now ready
to be used. to be used.

To access it, push on both top corners and allow the panel to release while supporting e door.

